Guam Department of Public Health and Social Services

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FQHC GOALS:

- •To *increase access* to primary care services by expanding medical and physical capacity
- •To reduce disparities at the primary care setting...

by providing **self management education** to improve disease control and reduce long-term complications associated with the disease

through **collaborative partnerships** in establishing

a successful, "cost-effective" non-communicable disease self management education program.

FQHC Performance Measures-NON-Communicable Diseases

• Diabetes (HbA1c levels <=9%)

- Cardiovascular Disease (Hypertension)
- Blood Pressure < 140/90)
- Cancer

(PAP Smear Test Women 21-64 yrs)
Colorectal Cancer Screening

Body Mass Index (Overweight, Underweight)

FQHC Performance Measures

Tobacco Assessment & Counseling

Tobacco Cessation Counseling

Coronary Artery Disease (Lipid Therapy)

• Ischemic Vascular Disease (Aspirin Therapy)

Asthma (Pharmacological Therapy)

What are the barriers to health care?

- Linguistic- Micronesians
 (Lack of CHC Interpreter on site)
- Cultural-Lifestyles, fiestas (type of food)
- Transportation (No ride to the CHC, unreliable public transportation)
- Financial (Lack of Insurance, cannot afford supplies/medications, lab tests)
- CHC barriers

testing availability on site)

CHC Providers not actively involved in making patients accountable in their diabetes care)

Increased access to care:

• Expansion of:

Clinic hours of operation (from 40 to 56 hrs/week) (Mon-Thurs 7:30AM-6PM; Fri & Sat (7:30AM-1:30PM)

• NRCHC/SRCHC Sites

• Cultural Sensitivity-Hiring Chuukese Translator, Perinatal Care Coordinator, Kosrean Nurse

• Technical Assistance from HRSA

 Cultural Competency (Micronesian Population)

 Behavioral Modification (Adopt Healthy Lifestyles)

 Development of educational materials in various languages

Clinicians making patients more accountable
 in adopting healthy lifestyle changes:
 weight loss, HbA1c testing, blood sugar and blood pressure monitoring, nutrition, physical activity, smoking cessation

Medication Compliance

• *Health Screenings* (blood pressure & blood glucose)
Referral to CHCs

Patients chose Self-Management Goals
-given glucometers & test strips (monitor glucose-200)

- Education
 - -Group sessions
 - -"one to one counseling (insulin administration, medication management)
 - -nutrition education "Living with Diabetes"
 - -Brief Tobacco Intervention (smoking cessation classes)

- HbA1c test barriers: transportation to DLS, financial constraints to pay for tests
- HbA1c & Microalbumin tests available/accessible

Charge a minimal fee

Add HbA1c and Microalbumin tests to proficiency testing for CLIA approval

- Policy Changes:
 - -Adjusted charges for HbA1c & microalbumin tests (\$1 for uninsured and MIP)
 - -Tobacco Free Site, Tobacco Enforcers
 - -Sliding Fee application processing at Mayor's Offices

Community Partnership

Guam Diabetes Association

Guam Diabetes Coalition

Guam Cancer Care (Non-profit)

Non-Communicable Disease Consortium (DPHSS

Guam Micronesia Area Health Education Center (University of Guam School of Nursing/GCC)

- Portable Clinical Care
 - "Extended Clinic" Bring CHC to the poor by minimizing financial, transportation, cultural, and linguistic
- Community Outreach Education

Next Steps:

- Tobacco Free Environment
 - Brief Intervention Services
 - Tobacco Enforcement
- Electronic Health Record Implementation
 - Data integration
 - Analyze Disease trends
 - Evaluate CHC Clinical Performance Measures
 - Exchange of Health Information
 - -Meet "Meaningful Use
 - -Research

Next Steps

- Joint Commission Primary Care Medical Home
 - -Patient-Centered Care
 - -Comprehensive Care
 - -Coordinated Care
 - -Superb Access to Care
 - A Systems based Approach to Quality and Safety

Next Steps:

- Joint Commission Primary Care Medical Home (PCMH)
 - **Patient Centered Care**
 - (cultural, linguistic, and educational needs of pts)
 - Patient involvement in establishing treatment plan
 - Support for patient Self management

Comprehensive Care

- (Acute, Preventive, and Chronic care)
 - Interdisciplinary team
 - Disease management
 - Care that addresses phases of patient's lifespan

Next Steps:

Coordinated Care

- (Health Care Systems: hospitals, home health care, specialty care)
- Use of internal and external resources to meet patient needs
- Team-based Approach

Superb Access to Care

Shorter wait times; flexible appointment hours

A Systems based approach to Quality and

- Safety (Health Information Technology,
- Patient involvement in performance monitoring and improvement

- Community Involvement/Partnership collaborate with federal programs, non-profit organizations, educational institutions, church groups, FSM Consulate
- Community Empowerment (Centers for Micronesian Empowerment-Train unskilled immigrant for the workforce

GCA Trades Academy and GCC

• Implement Educational Programs

• Financial Support- share & leverage resources